

### Impact of different patient characteristics on signs of venous overload

	Mean BCVA	p- value	Age	p- value	% female	p- value	% focal leakage	p- value
<b>Pachyvessels</b>								
<b>Yes</b>	0.99	0.965	47.8	0.074	18.1%	0.157	56.8%	0.199
<b>No</b>	0.98		43.4		16.7%		72.2%	
<b>Watershed anastomoses</b>								
<b>Yes</b>	0.97	0.223	47.6	0.222	17.1%	0.157	58.1%	1.000
<b>No</b>	1.09		44.4		26.7%		60.0%	
<b>Asymmetric veins</b>								
<b>Yes</b>	0.97	0.426	48.5	0.039	17.5%	0.157	60.0%	0.199
<b>No</b>	1.02		44.6		18.8%		58.3%	
<b>Hyperpermeability</b>								
<b>Yes</b>	0.98	0.374	47.7	0.109	17.8%	0.157	61.5%	1.000
<b>No</b>	1.09		41.6		22.2%		0.0%	

**Supplementary Table S3: Association of different signs of venous overload with various patient characteristics and imaging signs.** Difference between groups showing the presence of a sign of venous overload (Yes / No) with regard to mean BCVA, age, and gender distribution of fundus fluorescein angiography leakage pattern. For continuous variables, the mean for each group and the p-value based on the unpaired t-test are shown. For categorical variables, the percentages of a certain feature and the p-value based on the chi-square statistic are shown. Fisher's exact test was performed if one group contained 0 reads.