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Supplemental Information

Chronic Peripheral Inflammation Causes a Region-Specific Myeloid Response in the Central Nervous System

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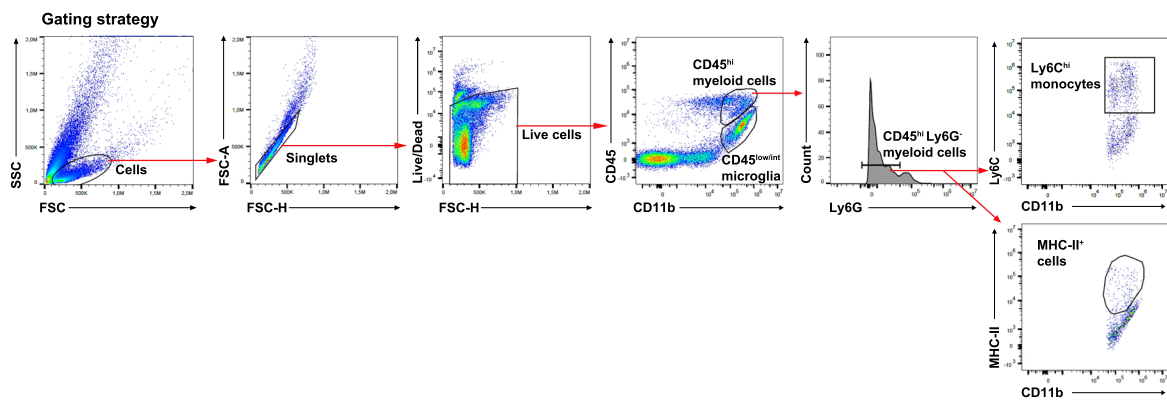


Figure S1

Figure S1. Gating strategy for flow cytometry experiments. Related to Figures 1,2, and 6. Cells were gated on CD11b and CD45 for the separation of CD11b⁺CD45^{low/int} homeostatic microglia from CD11b⁺CD45^{hi} myeloid cells. CD11b⁺CD45^{hi} myeloid cells were further gated on Ly6G⁻ to exclude granulocytes and characterized regarding Ly6C and MHC-II expression levels.

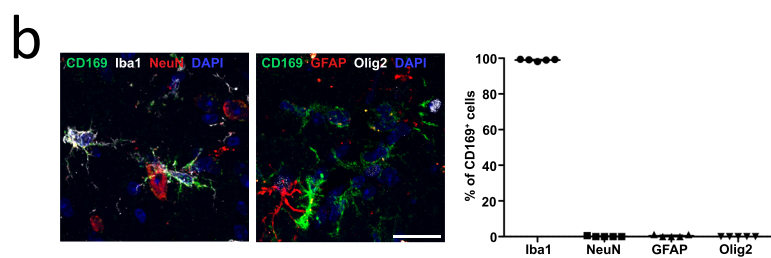
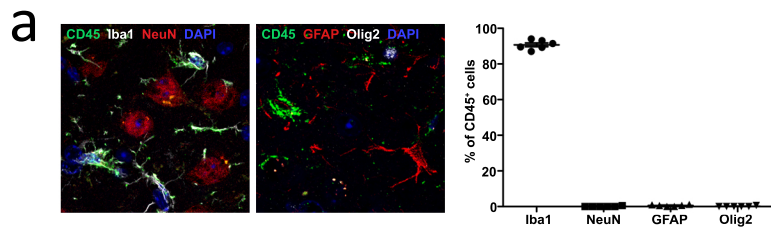


Figure S2

Figure S2. Specific expression of CD45 and CD169 in myeloid cells. Related to Figures 2 and 6. (a) Expression rates of Iba1, NeuN, GFAP, and Olig2 in CD45⁺ cells. (b) Expression rates of Iba1, NeuN, GFAP, and Olig2 in CD169⁺ cells. Scale bars: 20 μ m. Data are derived from the thalamus of TNFtg mice and representative of n=6 (a) or n=5 (b) animals. Data are shown as mean \pm S.E.M.



FigureS3

Figure S3. Regional inflammatory response in the brain of TNFtg mice revealed by bulk RNA-seq. Related to Figure 3. (a) Venn diagram showing the regional overlap of upregulated genes in TNFtg mice. (b) Venn diagram showing the regional overlap of downregulated genes in TNFtg mice. (c) Heat map showing hierarchical clustering of all individual samples based on n=497 genes differentially expressed in brain regions of TNFtg mice compared to wt mice. (d) Heat map indicating the most significantly enriched GO-terms in n=127 genes commonly upregulated in the cortex (Cx), striatum (Str), and thalamus (Th) of TNFtg mice. (e) Expression levels of human TNF in the Cx, Str, Th, Hc and Cb of TNFtg mice. FASTQ files were mapped onto UCSC genome build hg38. Data are depicted as mean \pm S.E.M., ***p<0.001.

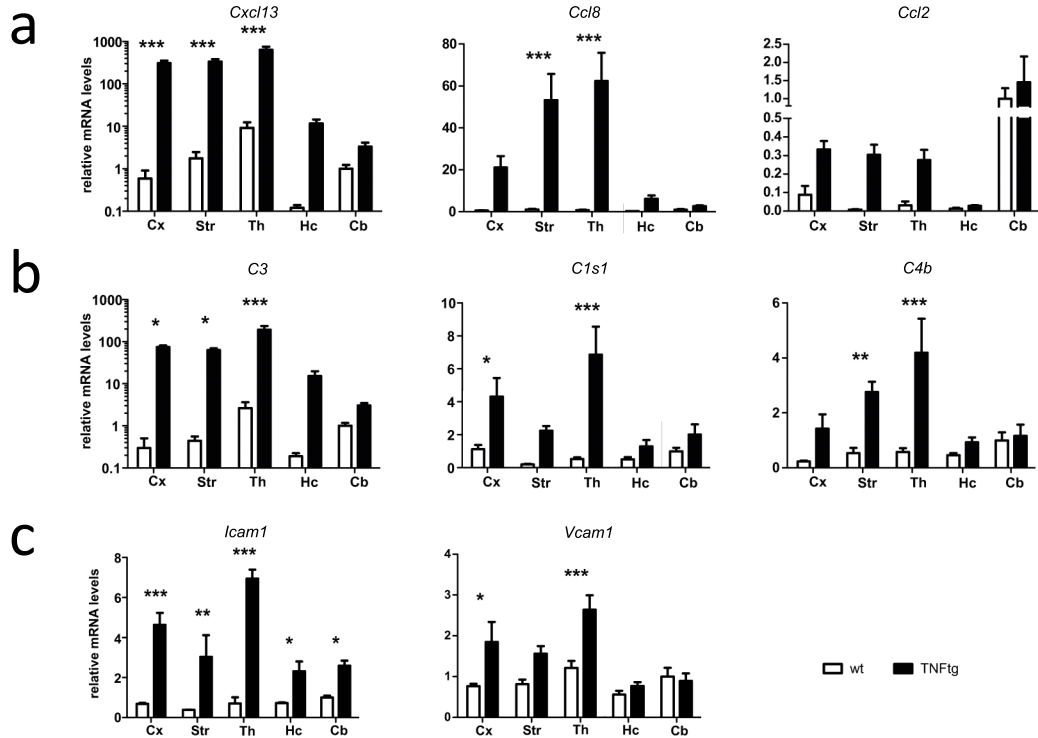


Figure S4

Figure S4. Regional transcriptional inflammatory response in the brain of TNFtg mice confirmed by qPCR. Related to Figure 3. (a) Transcriptional levels of the chemokines *Cxcl13*, *Ccl8*, and *Ccl2* in brain regions of wt and TNFtg mice. (b) Regional transcriptional levels of genes encoding the complement factors *C3*, *C1s1*, and *C4b*. (c) Regional mRNA levels of *Icam1* and *Vcam1* in wt and TNFtg mice. Data are representative of n=4 animals per genotype and region from two independent experiments and are presented as mean \pm S.E.M. Analysis was performed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's post-hoc test, *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001.

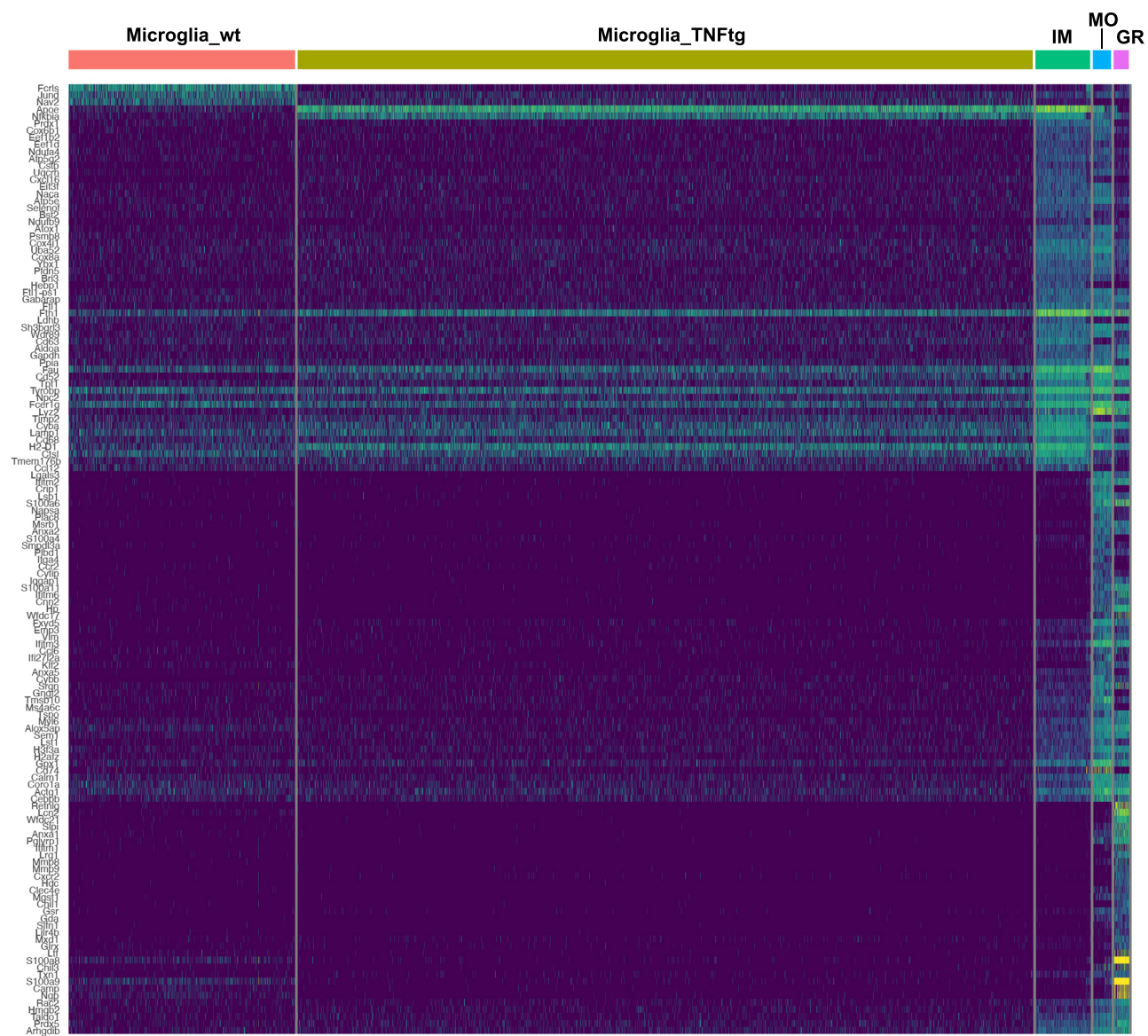


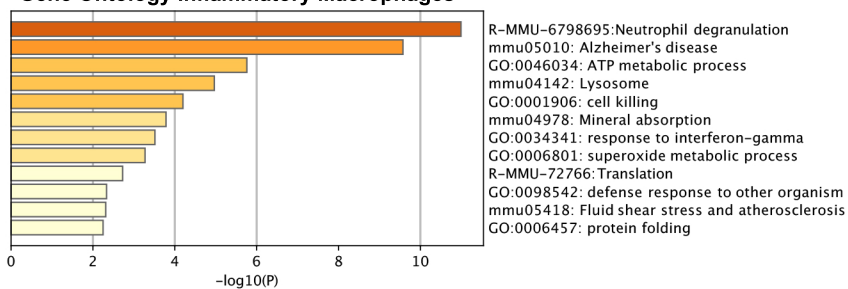
Figure S5

Figure S5. Heat map of differentially expressed genes in myeloid cell clusters.

Related to Figure 4. IM: Inflammatory macrophages, MO: Monocytes, GR: Granulocytes.

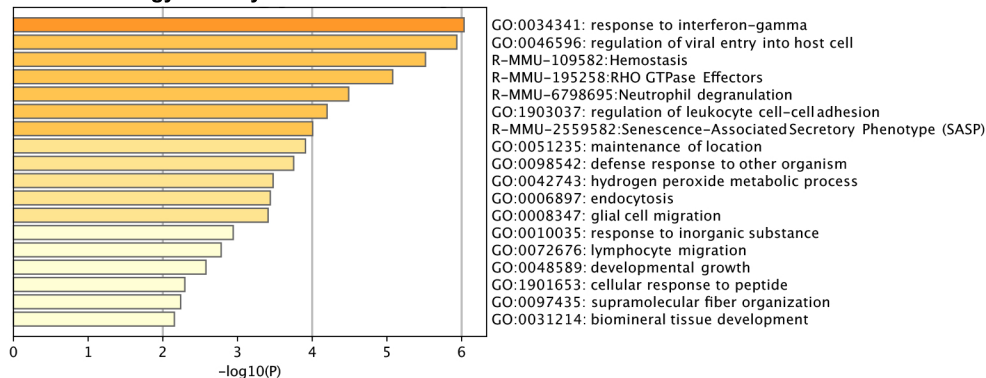
a

Gene Ontology Inflammatory Macrophages



b

Gene Ontology Monocytes



c

Gene Ontology Granulocytes

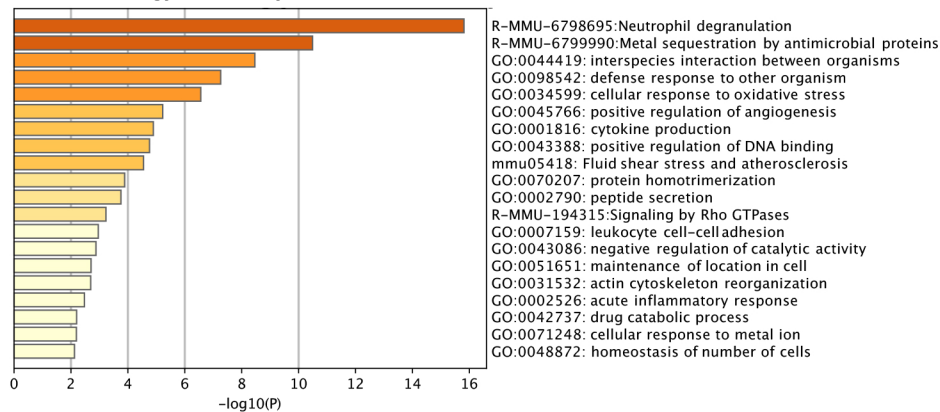


Figure S6

Figure S6. Gene ontology of myeloid clusters identified by scRNA-seq. Related to Figure 4. (a) Enriched Gene Ontology (GO) terms in the inflammatory macrophage cluster (cluster 2). (b) Enriched GO terms in the cluster of monocytes. (c) Enriched GO terms in granulocytes.

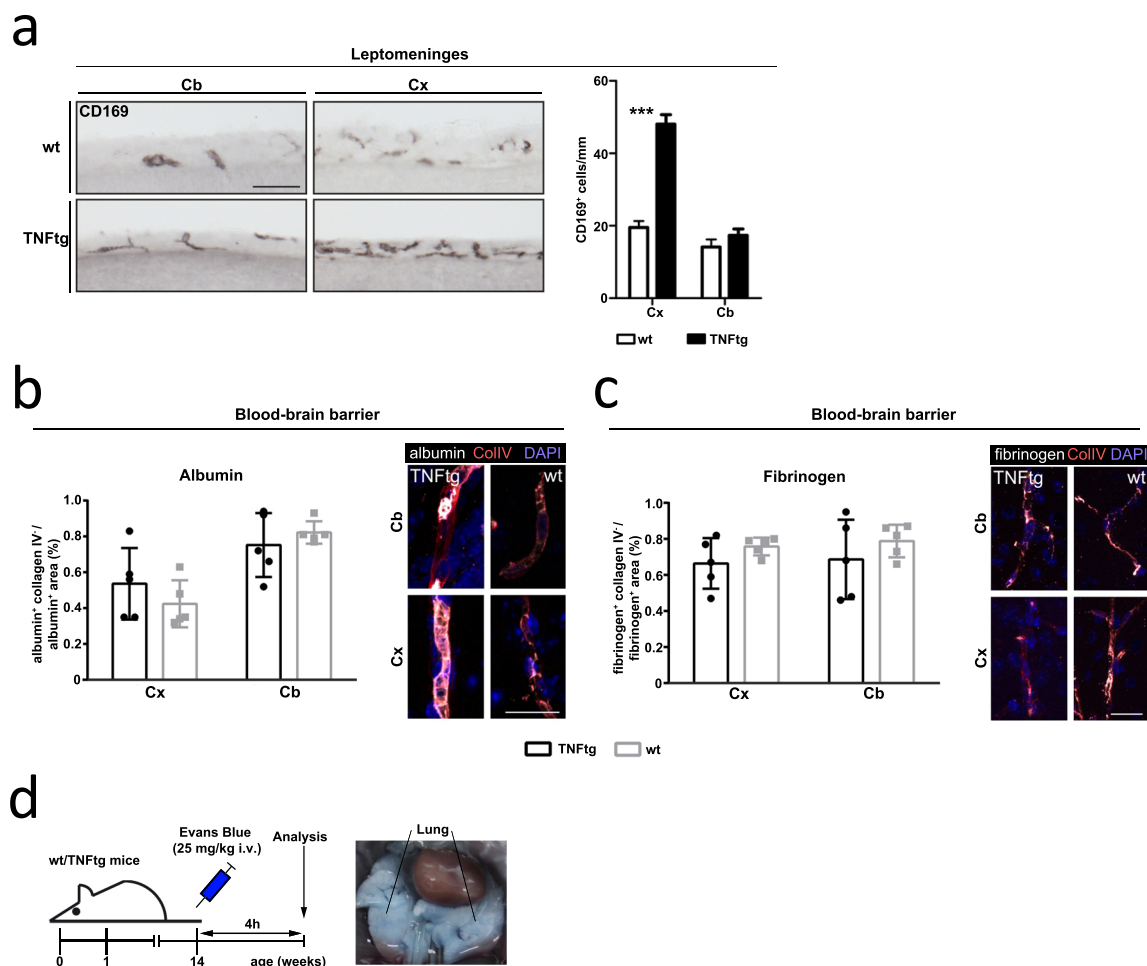


Figure S7

Figure S7. Analysis of CNS borders in TNFtg mice. Related to Figure 5. (a) Densities of CD169⁺ leptomeningeal macrophages in vicinity to the cortex (Cx) and cerebellum (Cb) of wt (n=5) and TNFtg mice (n=6). Scale bar: 50 μ m. (b, c) Intensity-adjusted fraction of albumin (b)- and fibrinogen (c)-positive area not overlapping with collagen IV (ColIV) staining in the cortex (Cx) and cerebellum (Cb) of wt and TNFtg mice (n=5 per group). Scale bars: 20 μ m. (d) Experimental scheme of Evans Blue injection and in-situ image of the lung as a positive control for Evans Blue uptake. Data are shown as mean \pm S.E.M. Analysis was performed using two-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's post-hoc test, ***p<0.001.